27WON FC1-3-413-10 Front Big Brake Kit

Written By: Dozuki System



INTRODUCTION

In this installation guide we have provided step by step instructions to remove the OEM front brakes and install the 27WON Performance Big Brake Kit.

Advisory:

- Working under the vehicle requires a safe and sturdy location for the vehicle to sit on jackstands.
- The brake rotors can be hot after recent vehicle operation. Allow the vehicle to cool or use a fan to cool the brake rotors before working on the vehicle.

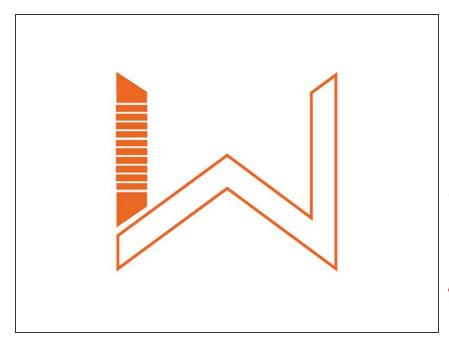
TOOLS:

- Hydraulic Jack (1)
- Jack Stand (2)
- 3/8" Ratchet (1)
- 10mm Socket (1)
- 12mm Socket (1)
- 17mm Socket Deep (1)
- 17mm Box-End Wrench (1)
- 19mm Box-End Wrench (1)
- 10mm Line Wrench (1)
- 1/2" Breaker Bar (1)
- 1/2" Torque Wrench (1)
- 10mm Allen Key Socket (1)
- 5mm Allen Wrench (1)
- 90 Degree Pick Tool (1)
- Lug Nut Socket (1)
- Flat Head Screwdriver Large (1)
- Phillips Screwdriver #3 (1)
- Pliers Large (1)
- Locktite, Blue (1)
- Brake Clean Spray (1)
- Brake Fluid DOT4 (1)
- WD-40 Lubricant Spray (1)

PARTS:

- BBK Caliper LH (1)
- BBK Caliper RH (1)
- 330mm Rotor LH (1)
- 330mm Rotor RH (1)
- Stainless Steel Brake Line (2)
- M10 Banjo Bolt (2)
- M10 Crush Washer (4)
- Caliper Mounting Bracket (2)
- Socket Cap Bolt Short (4)
- Socket Cap Bolt Long (4)

Step 1 — Getting Started



- First and foremost; THANK YOU for becoming a part of the 27WON
 Family. We hope to REDEFINE your experience of the aftermarket with the highest level Parts, Customer Service, Packaging, & Support
- Located at the end of these installation instructions is a How-To Guide for Brake Pad Replacement
- Provided brake pads are for spirited street use. For track use, different pads are required. See step 30 for recommendations

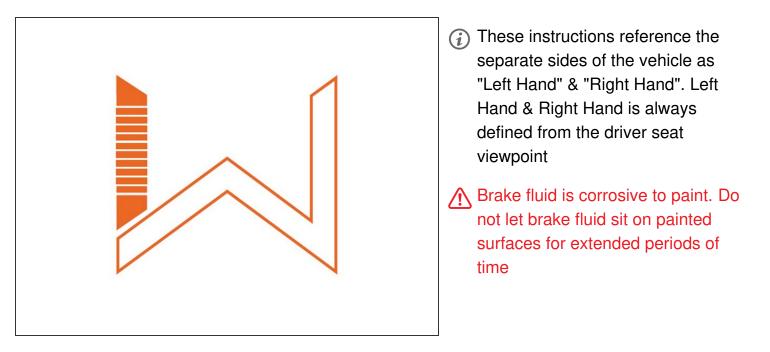
Wheel Fitment Guide Instructions: 2016+ Honda Civic Si & Base Outline Represents Outer Profile of BBK. Please allow 2mm (0.080") clearance between outline and wheel spokes 1) Print copy of drawing: Set page scaling to "Actual Size" or "1:1". Outline Represents Outer Profile of BBK. Please allow 2mm (0.080") clearance between outline and wheel spokes 2) Verify Dimensions: Using a ruler. verify the red 105.5mm width verify the red 230.4mm length if print does not match, correct print scaling. 105.5mm 3) Glue printed copy to a more rigid paper such as a manila folder or thin cardboard. Cut Line

Step 2 — Verify Wheel Fitment

- OE wheels will require the use of a wheel spacers for proper clearance and operation
- Some aftermarket wheels will require the use of a wheel spacer for proper clearance and operation
- Use this Wheel Fitment Guide link to check the BBK clearance for your wheels:

https://store.27won.com/_27Won/27 Won-1-P...

Step 3 — Warning & Advisory



Step 4 — Access the Brake System & Identify Components



- Raise the vehicle and support with jackstands in the OE recommended locations and remove the front wheels/tires
- The following instructions show the left-hand side complete removal of OE components and installation of 27WON BBK. The right-hand side is completed with the same steps
- Brake Rotor, see red arrow
- Brake Caliper, see orange box
- Brakeline attachment point to Chassis, as shown with yellow circle

Step 5 — Locate Chassis Side Brakeline Connection



- Locate the chassis side brakeline connection
- The next step will disconnect the brakeline. This will allow brake fluid to leak from the hard brakeline mounted to the chassis and the rubber brakeline on the caliper. Use a rag to catch drips

Step 6 — Disconnect Brakeline from Chassis



▲ It is critical to use a Line Wrench to loosen the brakeline connection. Using the open end of a standard wrench may round over the corners

- Use a 10mm line wrench to loosen the threaded brakeline connection (shown with orange box) then pull chassis side brakeline from the connection
- Use a large flat head screwdriver to pry the retention tab out as shown with the arrow
 - Pull the retention tab outward in the direction of the arrows
- Pull the OE rubber brakeline down and out of the mounting bracket
- Use a 12mm socket & ratchet to remove the bolt

Step 7 — Disconnect Brakeline from Strut



 Use a 12mm socket and ratchet to remove the bolt shown with red circle

Step 8 — Remove Brake Caliper



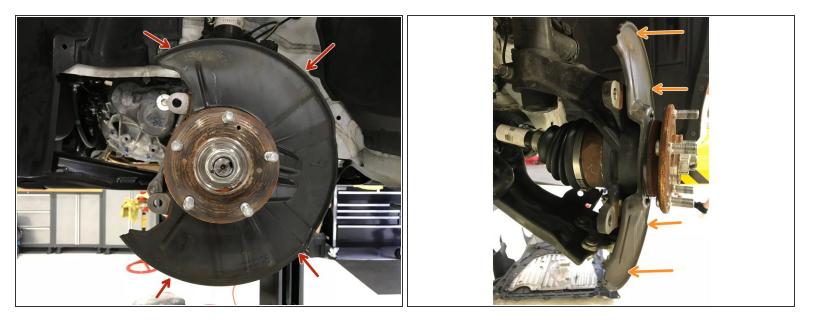
- Use a 17mm socket and breaker bar to remove the two caliper bolts
- With the bolts removed, slide the brake caliper off the rotor in the direction of the orange arrow
 (i) If the rotor is heavily worn, you may need to spread the brake pads apart to gain clearance
 - Use a large flat head screwdriver to pry between the brake pad and the rotor as shown

Step 9 — Remove Brake Rotor



- Use a #3 Phillps screwdriver to remove the rotor retention screw
 You may need to let this soak with a small amount of WD-40 or equivalent spray
- With retention screw removed, slide the rotor outward off the wheel studs

Step 10 — Modify OE Brake Rotor Dust Shield - Part A



- Due to the increased size of the 27WON BBK Rotor, the dust shield on all models needs to be modified slightly to provide clearance
 - The outer edge of the OE dust shield will contact the 27WON rotor
- To provide rotor clearance, simply push the dust shield in the locations of the arrows. Continue this
 until you have bent/deflected the dust shield ~1/4-3/8"
 - (i) The rotor clearance can be easily checked in the next few steps

Step 11 — Modify OE Brake Rotor Shield - Part B

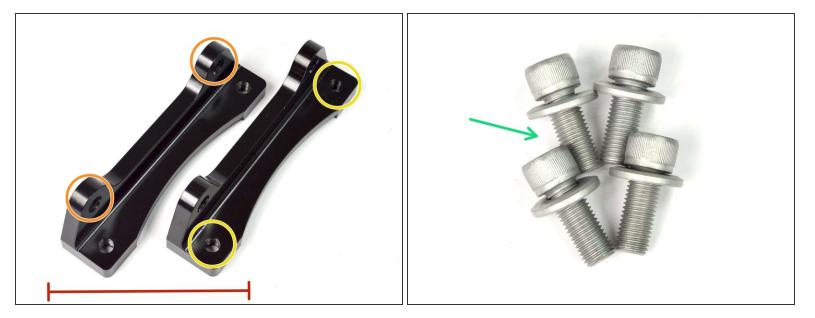


(i) This step only applies to SI Models, skip to next step if your vehicle is NOT an SI model

(i) The dust shield on the SI models needs to be modified a bit more for clearance

 Use large pliers, grab ~3/8" inch of the tip on the dust shield as shown then fold the tip back towards the center of the vehicle

Step 12 — Locate & Identify Caliper Brackets & Cap Bolts



- Caliper Brackets
 - Mounting holes to vehicle
 - Mounting holes to BBK Caliper
- Short Socket Cap Bolts

Step 13 — Install Caliper Bracket



- Apply small amount of blue Loc-tite to threads as shown on two of the short socket cap bolts
- Install provided caliper bracket as shown
 - The flat face of the bracket should be facing out for proper rotor clearance
- Hand thread the short socket cap bolts
- Using the 10mm hex bit socket and torque wrench, torque to 64-71 ft-lbs

Step 14 — Identify Brake Rotors



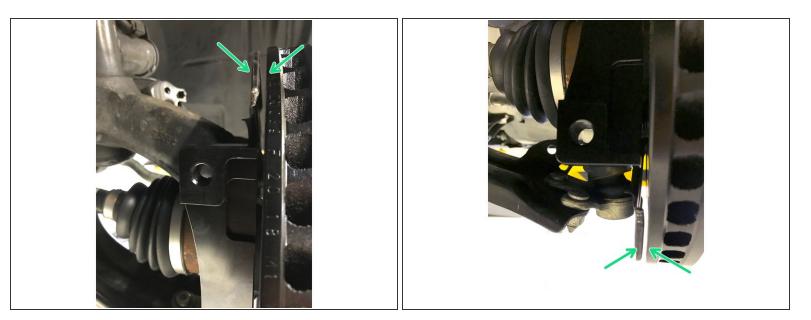
- (i) The 27WON BBK has direction brake rotors therefore it is critical that the correct rotor is installed on the correct side of the vehicle
- (i) The direction of the angled slots allows you to identify if the rotor is LH or RH
- Left Hand Rotor (LH) This rotor will go on the Left Hand side of the vehicle
 (i) For North American cars this is the driver side
- Right Hand Rotor (RH) This rotor will go on the Right Hand side of the vehicle
- Rotors come with machine oil on them to resist corrosion clean both rotors with brake cleaner spray and clean rag

Step 15 — Install Brake Rotor



- Left Hand side of vehicle shown locate the Left Hand rotor for install
- Install the rotor over the wheel studs
 - Align one of the chamfer holes in the brake rotor with the rotor retention screw hole.
- Install the OE #3 Phillips rotor retention screw removed in an earlier step. Tighten with screwdriver
- (i) At this point you may notice some contact between the rotor and the dust shield. This is not damaging the rotor and will be adjusted next

Step 16 — Verify Brake Rotor to Dust Shield Clearance



- Check the clearance between the rotor and the dust shield
 Inspect clearance around the entire circumference of the rotor
 - If there is less that 1/4" clearance, further push the dust shield away from the rotor to bend it further then check clearance again

Step 17 — Locate & Identify Calipers & Long Cap Bolts



- (i) 27WON BBK has direction brake calipers therefore it is critical that the correct caliper is installed on the correct side of the vehicle
- Left Hand Caliper This caliper will go on the Left Hand side of the vehicle
 (i) For North American cars this is the driver side
- Right Hand Caliper This caliper will go on the Right Hand side of the vehicle
- Long Socket Cap Bolts
 - (i) Included with the hardware is a pack of very thin washers. These are used as spacers for the rare case that the position of the caliper needs to be adjusted

Step 18 — Install Brake Caliper



Rotor installation may have put dirt/grease on rotor faces - clean rotor with brake clean spray and clean rag

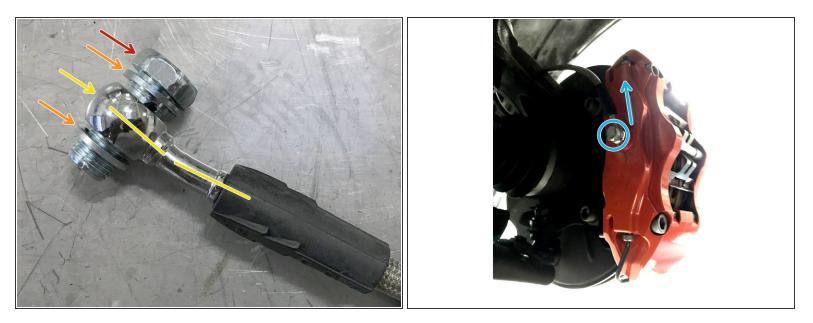
- Locate the Left Hand Caliper Left Hand Caliper Shown
 - Mounting Holes, oriented as shown
 - Top of Caliper Bleed Screws on Top, oriented as shown
- Apply small amount of blue Loc-tite to threads as shown on two of the long socket cap bolts
- Install the caliper over the rotor the rotor will go between the brake pads as shown
- Hand thread the long socket cap bolts
- Using the 10mm hex bit socket and torque wrench, torque to 64-71 ft-lbs

Step 19 — Locate and Identify Brakeline & Hardware



- Locate the provided stainless steel braided brakelines
 - Caliper side of brakeline w/blue dust cover
 - Chassis side of brakeline w/blue dust cover
 - Rubber Strut Mount Isolators
- Locate the provided Banjo Bolts
- Locate the provided 10mm Crush Washers

Step 20 — Install Brakeline - Part A



- Remove the blue plastic dust cover and assemble the hardware as shown
 - Banjo Bolt
 - Crush Washer
 - Brakeline Notice the angle of the brakeline, verify the head of the banjo bolt is on this side as shown

A Installation of brakeline to caliper on opposite angle may cause a crush washer leak

- Crush Washer
- Install the brakeline onto the caliper as shown hand tighten the banjo bolt with the brakeline routed upward
 - Using a 14mm socket and torque wrench torque to 8-12 ft-lbs

Step 21 — Install Brakeline - Part B



- Route the brakeline as shown slide the rubber strut mount isolator along the brakeline then press the isolator into the strut bracket as shown
- Slide the rubber strut mount isolator along the brakeline then press the isolator into the strut bracket as shown
 - Press the rubber isolator tight into the bracket

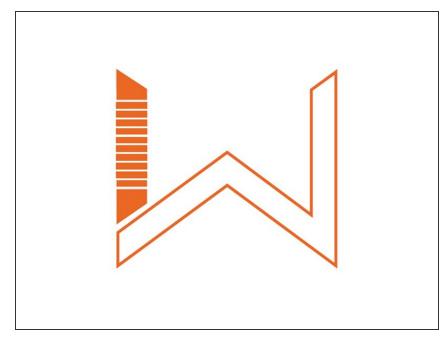
Nerify that the brakeline is not contacting any part of the vehicle - adjust the brakeline routing if contact is found

Step 22 — Install Brakeline - Part C



- Remove the blue plastic dust cover from the brakeline
- Remove the large 19mm nut from the brakeline and route the brake line through the chassis mounting bracket in the direction indicated by yellow arrow
- Re-install the large 19mm nut onto the brakeline hand tight
- Hand thread the hard brakeline fitting into the brakeline
- Hold the lower hex with a 17mm wrench, then tighten the upper nut (green arrow) with a 19mm wrench tighten until very snug
- Using the 10mm Line Wrench, tighten the hard brakeline fitting (light blue arrow) until very snug
- Re-install the bolt using a 12mm socket and torque wrench torque to 10-14 ft-lbs

Step 23 — Complete Right Hand Side Installation



- This completes the BBK installation for the left hand side of the vehicle. The right hand installation process is the same
 - Complete the right hand installation process starting on Step 4

Step 24 — BBK Parts Installation Complete!



- This completes the installation of the BBK physical parts - The following steps provide instruction for Brake Bleeding and Brake Pad Bedding
- Located at the end of the installation instructions is a How-To Guide for Brake Pad Changes

Step 25 — Brake Bleeding Setup & Supplies



Both Left Hand and Right Hand BBK Systems must be installed completely before proceeding to the Brake Bleeding Procedure

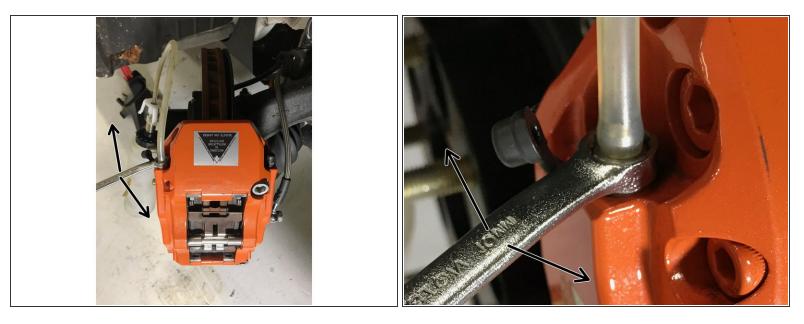
- (i) Clean all brakeline connections at chassis and caliper with brake clean spray and clean rag
- Tools You will need a fresh container of Dot 4 Brake Fluid, bleeder bottle and hose as shown (the hose should fit tight on the bleeder screw), 10mm box-end wrench, and a friend to help with the process
- For best results, always start with the bleed screw located the furthest away from the master cylinder and work your way closer. There are two bleed screws for each caliper. Follow the order below
 - First Bleed Screw RH Outside
 - Second Bleed Screw RH Inside
 - Third Bleed Screw LH Outside
 - Last Bleed Screw LH Inside

Step 26 — Setup for Brake Bleeding



- Remove the cap from the bleed screw as shown
- Place the box end of the wrench over the bleed screw hex as shown
- Put one end of the hose on the bleed screw as shown
- Hang bottle from wheel studs as shown or set on ground
- (i) Have yourself or your friend setup in the driver's seat so that they can press the brake pedal firmly
- (i) Have the other person setup at the brake caliper so they can open/close the bleed screw
- ↑ To open/close the bleed screw you only need to turn the wrench ~1/4 turn

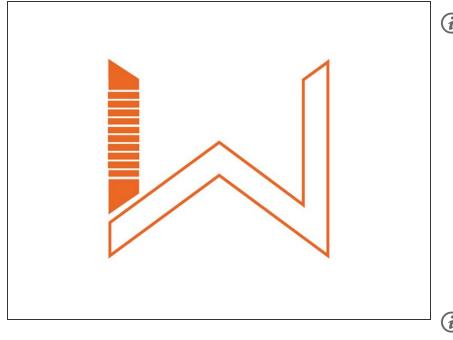
Step 27 — Brake Bleeding Procedure



- Have the person in the driver's seat press the brake pedal 3-5 times until there is sufficient pedal pressure. Then, have them hold the brake pedal firmly as the bleed screw is loosened. The pedal will go to the floor while fluid and air will enter the bottle. Make sure your friend holds the pedal down as you retighten the bleed screw.
 - The brake pedal will go to the floor while fluid and air will be pushed through the open bleed screw
 - (i) Continue holding the brake pedal down until the bleed screw is re-tightened/closed
- Repeat the above procedure around 3-5 times per bleed screw, or until your are confident there is no air in the system Check that your brake fluid level is at "full" after each bleed screw.
 - After each bleed screw is completed, check that your brake fluid level is at "full". Refill as needed
- (i) Move to the next bleed screw as listed in Step 25 until all four bleed screws have been completed

Once brake bleeding is complete, inspect all brakeline connections at chassis and caliper to verify there are no leaks

Step 28 — Brake Pedal Feel



- If the brakes are properly bleed the brake pedal should have distinct "feel" to it
 - Brake pedal should have minimal down travel before pressure/force is felt
 - Brake pedal should feel firm after a small amount of down travel - it should not feel "spongy" or loose pressure over a quick amount of time
- *i* If your brake pedal does not correlate with the above, then go through the brake bleeding procedure again

Step 29 — Brake Pad Bedding Procedure



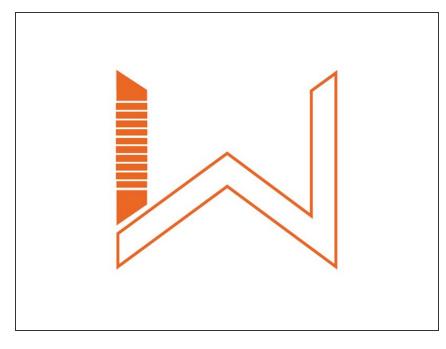
- (i) Brake pad bedding is an essential process to the life and durability of the brake pads and rotors - for optimal BBK performance please follow the steps below
- Proper pad bedding slowly heats and cools the rotors & pads - do not hard brake during initial driving until after complete bedding procedure is complete
- Find an open road and accelerate to 30mph - Brake evenly and smoothly at ~50% effort until the vehicle is almost stopped, then accelerate to 30mph again
 - Repeat above step 8-10 times
- Find an open road and accelerate to 50mph - Brake evenly and smoothly at ~80% effort until the vehicle is almost stopped, then accelerate to 50mph again
 - Repeat above step 2-3 times
- Allow ~15min for brakes to cool -You can now use the brakes for normal driving

Step 30 — Brake Pad Options & Considerations



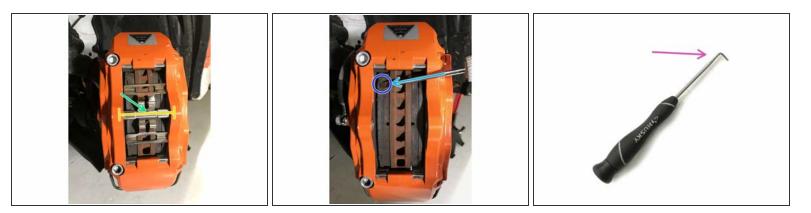
- All braking systems are a compromise of Performance, Dust, and Noise. These factors are all highly dependent on the brake pad material used
- (i) The 27WON BBK arrives to your door with a brake pad material we found to be a good compromise of the above three factors. The pad material is consider a "street sport"setup that will provide a low amount of dust, nearly zero noise (some noise if very cold), and good performance for most street driven applications
- The 27WON BBK is designed around a very common pad size and shape. If desired you may seek out a brake pad compound that better suits your driving style and application
- Brake Pad Options by Manufacturer
 There are many more options available than shown
 - Hawk HB110
 - Carbotech CTCP3215
 - G-Loc GPX6

Step 31 — I Dare You to REDEFINE



- This completes the installation & setup of your 27WON Performance
 Front Big Brake Kit
- We hope you were impressed with your 27WON experience and love your new BBK for years to come.
 Email us at sales@27won.com or call us at 571-271-0271 with any questions or concerns
- Please Leave a review here: <u>https://store.27won.com/honda-</u> <u>civic-big-...</u>
- Share your experience using #27WON on Instagram and Facebook
- Proceed to the next step for the How-To Guide for Brake Pad Replacement

Step 32 — Brake Pad Removal - Part A



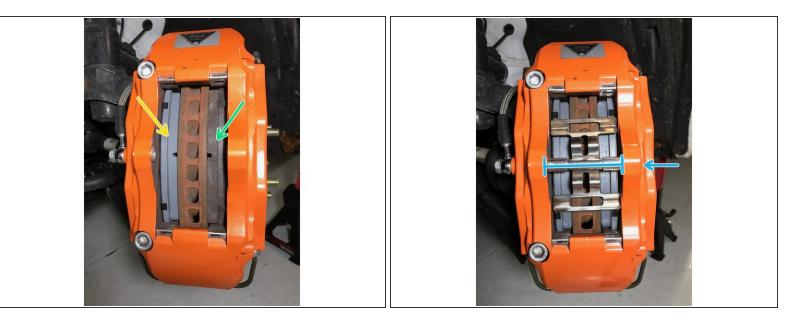
- Using a 5mm Allen wrench, remove the caliper bridge bolt
- While loosening the bolt, push on the bridge spacer towards the rotor then remove the bolt
 - Remove bridge spacer and spring clip
- Using a flathead screwdriver, push the brake pad away from the rotor as shown to provide clearance
 - Typically the brake pad backer plate has a small edge that can be pushed against
- Locate the 90 degree pick tool for the next step

Step 33 — Brake Pad Removal - Part B



- Using a 90deg pick tool, hook the pick on the backer plate of the brake pad then remove brake pad
 - Pull the top and bottom of the brake pad in even increments until the pad can be fully removed
- With the brake pad removed you can now access the caliper pistons directly you will need to fully press the pistons into the caliper to provide clearance for new brake pads
 - (i) Sometimes while pressing one piston in, another piston will push out. If necessary, hold the other pistons in place while pressing a piston into the caliper

Step 34 — Brake Pad Installation



Install the new brake pad into the caliper as shown

Nerify the brake pad material surface is towards the rotor face and the backer plate is towards the pistons

- Repeat Step 32 & 33 for the remaining used brake pad
- Re-install the brake pad spring clip and the caliper bridge spacer hand thread the caliper bridge bolt and torque to 8-10 ft-lbs
- (i) Complete the Brake Pad Bedding Procedure in Step 29